

What's All the "GABA" 'Bout? Pregabalin and Gabapentin Abuse

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Disclosures

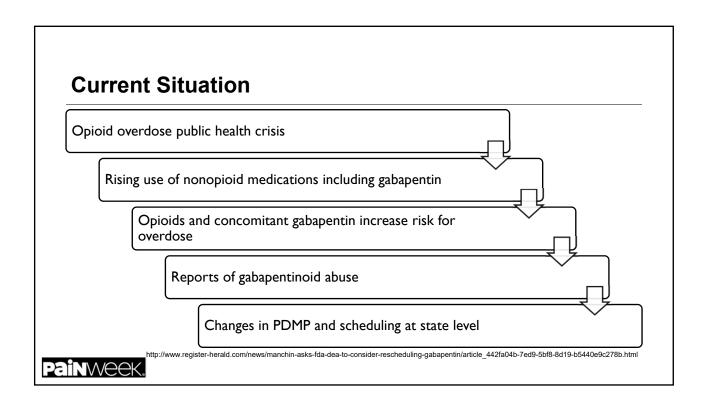
- Consultant: Axial Healthcare
- The views and opinions expressed in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the official policy or position of any agency of the United States government, including the Department of Veterans Affairs.



Learning Objectives

- Review the proposed mechanisms of action (MOA) for gabapentin and pregabalin.
- Explain the proposed rationale as to why gabapentin and pregabalin have become drugs of abuse.
- Identify signs and symptoms of withdrawal that an addicted or tolerant patient may experience upon abrupt discontinuation of gabapentin or pregabalin.
- Discuss updates on changes in pain management given the increase in gabapentin and pregabalin abuse.





Gabapentin and Pregabalin:
Pharmacology and Pharmacokinetics
Painweek.
F444
Fact or Alternate Fact /
Fact or Alternate Fact?
■ Gabapentin and pregabalin work on GABA.

Mechanism of Action

Structurally related to GABA and has GABA-mimetic properties

Do not

- · Alter uptake or breakdown
- · Convert into GABA
- Bind to GABA_a or GABA_B

Binds to the $\alpha 2-\delta$ subunit of the voltage-gated calcium channel

Reduces the Ca²⁺ -dependent release of pro-nociceptive neurotransmitters

Decreases release of glutamate, NE, and substance P

Dworkin RH et al. Pain. 2007;1332:237-251.

Painweek.

Schifana F. CNS Drugs. 2014;28:491-496.
Micromedex 2.0 Online. http://www.micromedexsolutions.com/micromedex2/librarian.
J Clin Psychiatry. 2007 Mar;68(3):483-4

FDA-approved Indications

■ Pregabalin

- -Neuropathic pain associated with diabetic peripheral neuropathy (DPN)
- -Post-herpetic neuralgia (PHN)
- -Adjunctive therapy for adult patients with partial onset seizures
- Fibromyalgia
- Neuropathic pain associated with spinal cord injury

Gabapentin

- -PHN
- Adjunctive therapy in treatment of partial onset seizures, with and without secondary generalization, in adults and pediatrics ≥ 3 years



Lyrica package insert. New York: Parke-Davis; Dec 2016. Neurontin package insert. New York: Parke-Davis; Sept 2015.

FDA-approved Indications

- Gabapentin encarbil
 - -Moderate-to-severe restless legs syndrome
 - -PHN
- Gabapentin ER
 - -PHN
- Pregabalin CR
 - -PHN
 - -Neuropathic pain associated with DPN

Horizant package insert. Arbor Pharmaceuticals, Atlanta, GA: LLC: October 2016. Lyrica CR package insert. New York, NY; Pfizer: October 2017. Gralise package insert. Newark, CA; Depomed, Inc: Dec 2012.



Off-label Uses

Pregabalin

- Bipolar disorder
- Alcohol/narcotic withdrawal
- Anxiety
- ADHD
- Restless legs syndrome
- Trigeminal neuralgia
- Non-neuropathic pain

Gabapentin

- Insomnia
- · Neuropathic pain
- · Drug and alcohol addiction
- Anxiety
- · Bipolar disorder
- Migraines



CNS Drugs. 2014;28:491-496. Addiction. 2016;111:1160-1174.

Role in Pain

- NICE
 - -Gabapentin 1st line treatment for neuropathic pain
- ADA Diabetic Peripheral Neuropathy
 - -Consider pregabalin or duloxetine as initial approach
- AAN Diabetic Peripheral Neuropathy
 - -Offer pregabalin
 - -Consider gabapentin
- Neuropathic Pain Special Interest Group of International Association for the Study of Pain
 - -Gabapentin, pregabalin first line



Addiction. 2016;111:1160-1174. Neurology. 2011;76(20:1758-1765. Diabetes Care. 2017;40(10:136-1564. May Clin Proc. 2010;85(3 Suppl):S3-S14.

Role in Pain

- Multimodal postoperative pain management
 - -Pain scores
 - -Opioid doses
 - -Opioid side effects
 - -Controversy around dosing and timing
- Acute or chronic sciatica
 - -No benefit for pregabalin
- Nonspecific low back pain
 - -Ineffective
 - -Contribute to ADE



Pain. 2007. 132;237-251.
PLoS Med. 2017;14(8):e1002369.
Medicine. 2017;96(21):e6982.
Spine. 2013;38(22):1947-1952.
NEJM. 2017;376(12):1111-1120.
Br J Anaesth. 2011;106(4):454-462.
JAMA Surg. 2017;epub.

Gabapentinoid Use in U.S. 2002-2015

- 346,177 adults prescribed gabapentin or pregabalin between gabapentin or pregabalin from Medical Expenditure Panel Survey
- ■82.6% of patients prescribed gabapentin
- Significant increase in gabapentinoid prescribing during study
 - -2002 1.2% prescribed gabapentin or pregabalin
 - -2015 3.9% prescribed gabapentin or pregabalin
- Changes in 2008
 - -No increase in gabapentin until 2008
 - -Pregabalin use plateaued and no increase following

JAMA Intern Med. 2018;epub2018/01/04.



Gabapentin Increases Overdose Odds

- Population-based nested case-control study
- Cases (1,256 cases) were opioid users who died of an opioid-related cause matched with up to 4 controls (4,619 controls)
- Primary exposure was gabapentin use 120 days preceding index date
- 12.3% of cases and 6.8% of control were prescribed gabapentin
- Odds increased 49% if prescribed gabapentin + opioid
- High dose gabapentin (1800 mg/day) about 60% increased odds compared to moderate dose
- Very high dose (2,200 mg/day) associated with 2-fold increased odds

PLoS Med. 2017;14(10:e1002396.



Dosing

Gabapentin

- Start at gabapentin 300 mg PO QHS
- Increase by 300 mg PO q3days
- Max dose of 3600 mg/day
- Adequate trial considered 6-8 weeks
- Requires renal dose adjustments beginning at CrCl <60ml/min
- Taper over I week if discontinuing



Dworkin RH et al. Pain. 2007. 132;237-251.

Drugdex® System. Micromedex®2.0. Greenwood Village, Colorado Accessed 8 Aug 2013

Dosing

Pregabalin

- Start at 50 mg PO TID
- Titrate to 100 mg PO TID
- Max dose 600 mg/day
- Adequate trial requires 6-12 weeks
- Requires renal dose adjustments beginning at CrCl<60 mL/min
- · Gradually taper off if discontinuing



Dworkin RH et al. Pain. 2007. 132;237-251.
Drugdex® System. Micromedex®2.0. Greenwood Village, Colorado Accessed 8 Aug 2013

Dosing



Gabapentin encarbil (PHN)

Days 1-3: 600 mg AM Day 4: 600 mg BID

No benefit beyond 1200 mg/day

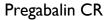


Day 1:300 mg daily Day 2:600 mg daily Days 3-6:900 mg daily

Days 7-10: 1200 mg daily

Days 11-14: 1500 mg daily

Day 15: 1800 mg daily



165 mg/day initial Increase to 330 mg/day within I week Max 660 mg/day



Horizant package insert. Arbor Pharmaceuticals, Atlanta, GA: LLC: October 2016. Lyrica CR package insert. New York, NY; Pfizer: October 2017. Gralise package insert. Newark, CA; Depomed, Inc: Dec 2012.

Pharmacokinetics

Gabapentin

- Absorption
 - F=27-60%
- Tmax=8h
- Distribution
 - Low protein binding
- Metabolism
 - None
- Elimination
 - Renal: 76-81%
 - $t\frac{1}{2}=5-7h$

Pregabalin

- Absorption
 - F=90%
 - Tmax=1.5h
- Distribution
 - No protein binding
- Metabolism
 - None
- Elimination
 - Renal: 90%
 - $t\frac{1}{2}=6.3h$



Drugdex® System. Micromedex®2.0. Greenwood Village, Colorado Accessed 8 Aug 2013 CNS Drugs. 2016;30:647-654.

Comparing Pharmacokinetics

Gabapentin

- F=42-57%
- Nonlinear pharmacokinetics (PK)
- Slower onset
- Lower affinity for receptor

Pregabalin

- F=83.9-97.7%
- Linear PK
- Faster onset
- Higher affinity for receptor



Ifuku M et al. Pain Med. 2011;12:1112-1116.
O'Connor AB ET AL. AM J Med. 2009;112(10A):S22-S32.
Moulin DE et al. Pain Res manage. 2007;12(1):13-21.
Neurontin® package insert. New York, NY; Pfizer;2013 June.
Lyrica® package insert. New York, NY; Pfizer;2012 July

Focus on Suicidal Ideation

- Pooled analysis of 199 placebo-controlled trials of 11 different antiepileptic drugs (AED)
 - -AED treated n=27,863 patients, Placebo n=16,029 patients
 - -OVERALL: 0.43% AED treated patients vs. 0.24% of placebo patients
 - Relative risk 1.8, 95% CI: 1.2,2.7
 - -Nonpsychiatric/epilepsy indications: 0.18% AED patients vs 0.1% placebo
 - Relative risk 1.9
- Presents as early as 1 week
- Persists for duration of treatment
- Did not vary by age
- Chronic pain associated with suicide
- Counsel patients



Lyrica package insert. New York: Parke-Davis; Dec 2016. Neurontin package insert. New York: Parke-Davis; Sept 2015.

Converting Case

■BT is a 57 yo male with diabetic peripheral neuropathy on gabapentin 600 mg PO TID. He continues to complain of symptoms and says he heard about pregabalin on TV. How would you convert this patient from gabapentin to pregabalin?



Converting

Pregabalin ~ 6 x as potent as gabapentin

Cross-titration method

Discontinue gabapentin and increase pregabalin to full equivalent dose Stop-start method

Stop gabapentin and start equivalent dose of pregabalin



Ifuku M et al. Pain Medicine. 2011;12:1112-1116. Bockbader HN et al. American J Therapeutics. 2012: 0(0): 1-10.

Reduce gabapentin

dose by 50% and

initiate 50% of

equivalent

pregabalin dose x 4

days

Converting Case

- Cross-titration
 - Decrease gabapentin to 300 mg PO TID + initiate pregabalin at 75 mg PO BID x 4 days
 - -Discontinue gabapentin + increase pregabalin to 150 mg PO BID
- Stop-Start
 - -Discontinue gabapentin
 - -Initiate pregabalin 150mg PO BID



Tapering

- Avoid abrupt discontinuation to limit withdrawal symptoms
- Taper over at least 1 week



Lyrica package insert. New York: Parke-Davis; Dec 2016. Neurontin package insert. New York: Parke-Davis; Sept 2015.

Role in Addiction Treatment

- Pregabalin
 - -Alcohol withdrawal
 - -Alcohol relapse prevention (abstinence similar to naltrexone)
 - -Benzodiazepine/opioid withdrawal
 - -Some evidence to prevent cocaine relapse
- Gabapentin
 - -Evidence in opioid, THC, alcohol addictions
 - -Gabapentin suggested in APA AUD Guidelines
 - Goal of reducing or abstaining from alcohol
 - Prefer topiramate or gabapentin or intolerant or did not respond to naltrexone or acomprosate
 - · No contraindications

CNS Drugs. 2014;28:491-496.
Practice Guideline for the Pharmacological Treatment of Patients with Alcohol Use Disorder. APA. https://psychiatryonline.org/doi/pdf/10.1176/appi.books.9781615371969



O I Canad Duamahalla Abasa
Gabapentin and Pregabalin Abuse
Painweek.

Patient Case

- Ms. Smith is a 67 yo woman with PMH significant for mood disorder, alcohol abuse, and polyneuritis
- Medications: naproxen 550mg PO daily, amitriptyline 100mg PO daily, and gabapentin titrated up to 4800mg PO daily
- ■Began to exhibit fraudulent behavior:
 - -Requesting medication without a prescription
 - -Exaggerated symptoms
 - -Physician consulted and then changed when demands not met
- Ran out of medication and could not obtain refill





Pharmacopsychiatry. 2007 Jan;40(1):43-4

Startling Statistics

- As of 2013 over a 5 year period in the UK
 - -Pregabalin prescribing had increased by 350% to 2.7 million
 - -Gabapentin prescribing had increased by **150%** to 3.5 million prescriptions
- Approximately 1% prevalence rate in general population in UK



BMJ. 2013 Nov 8;347:f6747. Br J Gen Pract. 2012 Aug;62(601):406-7. Annals Pharmacother. 2016;50(3):229-233

Startling Statistics

- The European Medicines Agency (EMA) trended the number of pregabalin ADRs reported from 3/2006-7/2015
 - -Reports peaked in 2013 (2154 total), decreased in 2014 (1593 total), and totaled 1387 reports as of 7/15/2015
- The EMA received a total of 4301 ADR reports related to gabapentin abuse/dependence issues between 3/2004-7/2015
- Users of gabapentin are more likely to abuse oxycodone, buprenorphine, and benzodiazepines compared with nonusers



CNS Drugs. 2016 Jul;30(7):647-54. Ann Pharmacother. 2016 Mar;50(3):229-33. Am J Psychiatry. 2015 May;172(5):487-8.

Demographics

- Females > males or females = males
- Average age
 - -Samples 21-43 years
 - -Case reports 41 years
- Reports from
 - -US (n=22)
 - -UK (n=4)
 - -Germany (n=1)
 - -Poland (n=1)
 - -India (n=1)
 - -South Africa (n=1)
 - -France (n=1)



Demographics - 2013

- A study of random UDS samples (N=124) in patients being treated for opioid dependence with agonist therapy (methadone or buprenorphine) significant for:
 - -12.1% of urine samples positive for pregabalin (n=15)
 - -11/15 patients admitted to buying pregabalin from heroin addicts or drug dealers
- Query of the German Federal Institute for Drugs and Medical Devices regarding pregabalin abuse/dependence significant for:
 - -55 total reports of pregabalin abuse and dependence
 - -Mean daily dose: 1424mg
 - -Mean age: 36 yo
 - -63.6% of reports were male patients



Eur J Clin Pharmacol. 2013 Dec;69(12):2021-5. Eur J Clin Pharmacol. 2013 Jun;69(6):1335-42.

Demographics - 2015/2016

- From 3/2004-7/2015 4301 ADR reports related to gabapentin
 - -1.27:1 female to male ratio
- From 3/2006-7/2015 7639 ADR reports related to pregabalin
 - -1.13:1 female to male ratio
- Common to have history of substance use disorder

Annals Pharmacother. 2016;50(3):229-233. CNS Drugs. 2016;30:647-654.



Demographics – Prison System

- Search of inmate lockers revealed only 19/96 inmates in possession of gabapentin were prescribed gabapentin
- Diverting gabapentin for high



Drugs. 2017;77:403-426.

Prevalence

- Lifetime prevalence in general population estimated at 1.1% of patients
- Prevalent in opioid abuse populations
 - -15-22% gabapentin misuse
 - -40-65% abuse of gabapentin with prescription
- ■> 50% of patients with history of substance use disorder
 - -Opioid use disorder common



Addiction. 2016;111:1160-1174.

Retrospective Cohort Analysis from Insurance Claims Database

- Inclusion: Patients 16-64 years old and had ≥2 pharmacy claims for alprazolam, gabapentin, pregabalin, zolpidem, or any opioid medication (ex. patch formulations or fentanyl products)
- Potential abuse: ≥3 claims exceeding the daily dose threshold and ≥3 rolling quarters where the dispensed supply exceeded the threshold
- Results:
 - -3.2% and 4.9% of patients were potentially abusing gabapentin or pregabalin alone
 - -24% of gabapentin patients on opioids and 28% of pregabalin patients on opioids meeting criteria for potential abuse



Psychiatr Q. 2016;87(4):763-767.

Mechanism of Action: Abuse

- Reduces the release of neurotransmitters, including:
 - -Glutamate
 - -Noradrenaline
 - -Serotonin
 - -Dopamine
- GABA analogues which may induce addictive behaviors in the same manner as benzodiazepines
- Pregabalin:
 - -Schedule V
 - –Six-fold higher binding affinity for the α_2 - δ subunit
 - -Quicker absorption rate and greater bioavailability



Eur J Clin Pharmacol. 2013 Jun;69(6):1335-42.

Pregabalin Package Insert

- In a small patient population (N=15) of recreational users of sedative/hypnotic drugs, pregabalin administered as a 450mg single dose produced the following results:
 - "Good drug effect"
 - "High"
 - "Liking"
- The above effects were similar to that reported with a 30mg single dose of diazepam
- In addition, controlled trials of >5500 patients found that 4% of patients treated with pregabalin reported *euphoria* as an ADR
 - -Reported rates range from 1-12%



Lyrica package insert. New York, NY: Pfizer, Inc.; 2013.

Gabapentin Package Insert

- Small number of post-marketing reports of misuse and abuse
- Taking higher than recommended doses
- Unapproved uses or to treat withdrawal
- History of polysubstance abuse
- Assess history of drug abuse
- Monitor for s/sx of gabapentin misuse or abuse



Neurontin package insert. Pfizer; New York, NY: October 2017

Doses for Abuse

- Abused in a wide variety of doses
 - -Therapeutic range no prescription
 - -Supratherapeutic range
- 3-20 times clinically used amounts
- Taken as one large dose
- Tolerance develops leading to dose increase



Addiction. 2016;111;1160-1174. CNS Drugs. 2014;28:491-496. Drugs. 2017;77:403-426.

Frequency of Abuse

- General population
 - -More than once weekly 13.1%
 - -Once weekly once monthly 50%
 - -Less frequently 36.8%
- Opioid abuse population
 - -25 of the last 30 days



Drugs. 2017;77:403-426.

Sources

- Healthcare providers (52-63%)
- Family or acquaintances (57.8%)
- Internet (47.3%)
- Drug dealer
- International (7.8%)



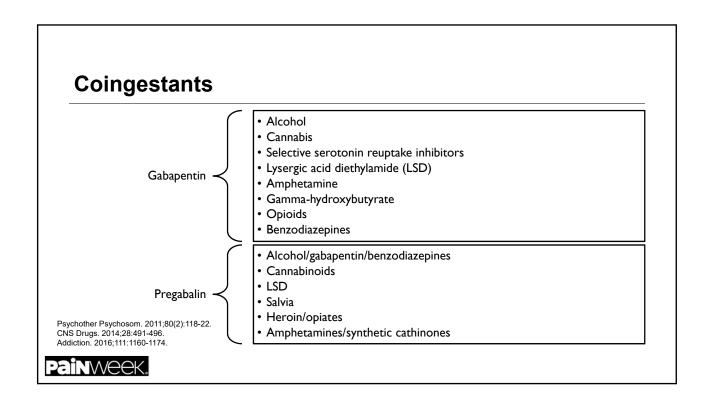
Addiction. 2016;111;1160-1174. Drugs. 2017;77:403-426.

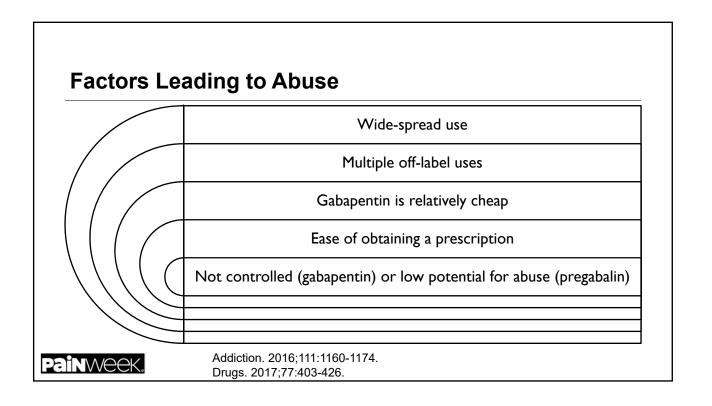
Cost

- Street value and sold/traded for illicit drugs
- Gabapentin on the street (referred to as "gabbies" or "Budweiser's" in the UK) costs approximately £1/300mg which is equivalent to \$1.65/300mg
- In Appalachian Kentucky, the street cost of gabapentin was reported to be <\$1/pill
- ■\$1-7 per pill depending on strength



Addiction. 2016;111:1160-1174. CNS Drugs. 2016 Jul;30(7):647-54. Ann Pharmacother. 2016 Mar;50(3):229-33. BMJ. 2013 Nov 8;347:f6747. Br J Gen Pract. 2012 Aug;62(601):406-7. Am J Psychiatry. 2015 May;172(5):487-8.





Reasons for Abuse

Recreational

Mood/anxiety

Potentiating effects of drug abuse treatment

Intentional selfharm

Reduce pain

Reduce cravings/withdrawal from other substances

Substitution for other drugs

Addiction to gabapentin

Painweek.

Addiction. 2016;111:1160-1174.

Common & Novel Methods of Abuse

Parachuting







Common & Novel Methods of Abuse

Gabapentin

- Orally
- Intravenously (IV)
- Snorting
- Intramuscular (IM)
- "Cutting agent" in street heroin

Pregabalin

- Orally
- Intravenously (IV)
- Snorting
- Smoking
- Rectally ("plugging")
- "Parachuting"

Br J Gen Pract. 2012 Aug;62(601):406-7. Psychother Psychosom. 2011;80(2):118-22. The LYRICA (pregabalin) Mega Thread. Available at: bluelight.org. Schifana F. CNS Drugs. 2014;28:491-496.



Effects of Abuse

Euphoria

Improve sociability

Marijuana-like "high/relaxation"

Zombie-like effects

Sedative/opiate "buzz"

methylamphetamine-like

Psychedelic/3,4methylenedioxy-N-

effects

Alcohol/GHB/benzoc like effects
Euphoria
Entactogenic feelings
Dissociation Alcohol/GHB/benzodiazepine-

Coping with opioid withdrawal



CNS Drugs. 2014;28:491-496. Eur J Clin Pharmacol. 2013 Jun;69(6):1335-42 Pharmacopsychiatry. 2007 Jan;40(1):43-4.

Effects of Gabapentin & Pregabalin Abuse

- "...the pregabalin erases my benzo, opiate withdrawal and cravings... In my opinion, anything over 900mg is a waste too sedating"
- "The only downside to gabapentin so far as I can tell, is the onset. These little guys take upwards of an hour to really start to kick in, but luckily they last for 4-8 hours it seems…"
- "I feel as if I'm on a super amphetamine rush and can tackle anything, yet feel so content it's like I'm on a fully sedated opiate buzz."
- "...pregabalin outshines gabapentin. Far less dosage to achieve the same recreational high. Also not as strong of a half life allowing one to use the drug more frequently."



Psychother Psychosom. 2011;80(2):118-22

Overdose

- ■Onset: soon after ingestion
- Duration: 10h
- Effects typically mild to moderate
- Fatalities or intubation rare
- Common effects
 - -Hypotension
 - -Tachycardia
 - -CNS effects
- Symptoms more likely after gabapentin 1200 mg
- Survivals reported with up to 11,500 mg of pregabalin and 91,000 mg of gabapentin



Drugs. 2017;77:403-426.

Overdose

- Severe events more of a concern in renal dysfunction
- Fatalities more common when ingested with other substances
- 90% of fatalities associated with opioids
- German toxicology reports from 2010-2012 with pregabalin
 - -General population 2% of cases year 1, 4% of cases in year 2
 - -Known substance use disorder 5.5% in year 1, 29.8% in year 2
- Finnish toxicology reports from 2010-2011
 - -Pregabalin 2.3%
 - -Gabapentin 0.31%



Drugs. 2017;77:403-426.

Withdrawal

- Onset ranges from 12 hours to 7 days after termination of use
 - -Majority of cases report onset between 24-48 hours
- At least one reported case of a newborn baby experiencing withdrawal due to mother's gabapentin use while pregnant



Ann Pharmacother. 2016 Mar;50(3):229-33.

Withdrawal Signs/Symptoms

Psychomotor agitation

Confusion

Craving

Disorientation

WiseGEEK

Arterial HTN

Tachycardia

Tremor

Insomnia



Nausea

Headache

Diarrhea

Diaphoresis





J Addict Med. 2013 Mar-Apr,7(2):147-9. Eur J Clin Pharmacol. 2013 Jun;69(6):1335-42. J Clin Psychiatry. 2007 Mar;68(3):483-4. Ann Pharmacother. 2016 Mar;50(3):229-33.

Withdrawal Treatment

Benzodiazepines: ineffective?

Antipsychotics: ineffective?

Benztropine: ineffective?

Anticonvulsants: effective (in terms of seizure control)

Pregabalin: effective

Gabapentin: effective

J Addict Med. 2013 Mar-Apr;7(2):147-9. Eur J Clin Pharmacol. 2013 Jun;69(6):1335-42. J Clin Psychiatry. 2007 Mar;68(3):483-4. Ann Pharmacother. 2016 Mar;50(3):229-33. Drugs. 2017;77:403-426.



Patient Case: Revisited

- Ms. Smith is a 67 yo woman with PMH significant for mood disorder, alcohol abuse, and polyneuritis
- She was actually taking at least 7200mg of gabapentin daily!
- Upon running out of gabapentin, she developed typical withdrawal symptoms and was hospitalized
 - -Upon discharge, gabapentin discontinued
 - -~3 months later, gabapentin re-prescribed
 - -~5 months after discharge, she had resumed gabapentin abuse in combination with diazepam



armacopsychiatry. 2007 Jan;40(1):43-4.

Patient Case: Revisited

- Taper off gabapentin
- Behavioral Health referral
- Taper BZD



State Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP)

- Pregabalin is a Schedule V controlled substance
 - -Already reported to the database in some states
 - -Some states do not require the reporting of schedule V medications
- States that have ADDED gabapentin prescriptions to database reports include:
 - -Minnesota
 - -Ohio
 - -Kentucky → now C-V status
 - -Massachusetts
 - -North Dakota
 - -Virginia
 - -West Virginia
 - -Wyoming

http://pmp.pharmacy.state.mn.us/

http://pharmacy.ohio.gov/Documents/Pubs/Special/OARRS/Reporting%20Gabapentin%20Products%20to%20OARRS%20%E2

%80%93%20Effective%2012-1-2016.pdf http://ncpdp.org/NCPDP/media/pdf/State_PMP_Tracking_Document.xls http://www.chfs.ky.gov/os/oig/KASPER.htm



Indicators of medication abuse

- Requesting specific medications
- Requesting higher doses
- Doctor shopping
- Claims of lost/stolen medications
- Using multiple pharmacies
- Early refill requests
- Negative UDT but not routinely part of testing



Addiction. 2017;77:403-426.

Summary

- Gabapentin and pregabalin abuse can occur
 - -Common and novel routes of administration
 - -Therapeutic and supratherapeutic doses
- More common in patients with history of substance use disorder
- Coingestants often involved
- Patients can experience withdrawal if gabapentin and pregabalin are stopped abruptly
- Certain state Prescription Drug Monitoring Programs (PDMPs) are adding gabapentin



3 Things for Monday

- 1. Assess a patient's substance abuse history, psychiatric history, and concurrent medications before prescribing
- 2. Be aware of higher risk groups
- 3. Monitor for early refills and/or limiting the quantity supplied



CNS Drugs. 2014;28:491-496. Addiction. 2017; 77:403-426.

Assessment Q1

- The proposed MOA for gabapentin and pregabalin include
 - a) Binding to GABA receptors
 - b) Increasing glutamate, norepinephrine, and substance P
 - c) Binding to the $\alpha 2$ - δ subunit of the voltage-gated calcium channel
 - d) Inhibiting serotonin reuptake



Assessment Q2

- Factors that have contributed to the abuse of gabapentin include all of the following EXCEPT:
 - a) High cost
 - b) Ease of obtaining a prescription
 - c) Non-controlled substance status
 - d) Multiple uses/indications



Assessment Q3

- Signs of gabapentin and pregabalin withdrawal include all of the following EXCEPT:
 - a) Cravings
 - b) Hypotension
 - c) Insomnia
 - d) Headache





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Abigail T. Brooks, PharmD, BCPS