



Not for Human Consumption: New Drugs of Abuse and Their Detection

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Disclosures

- Consultant: Axial Healthcare
- The views and opinions expressed in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the official policy or position of any agency of the United States government, including the Department of Veterans Affairs.



Learning Objectives

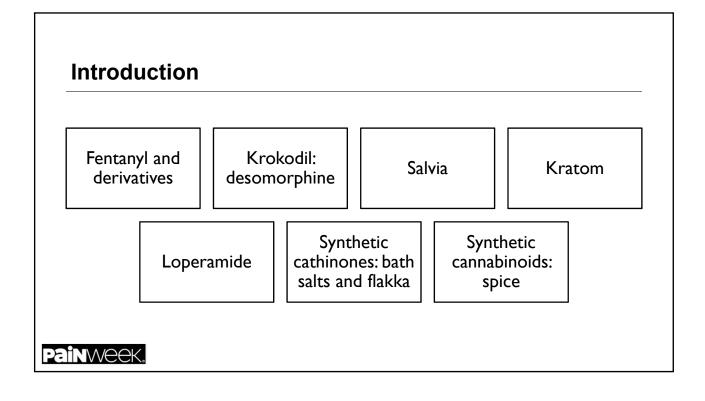
- Explain the pharmacology and toxicology of new drugs of abuse
- Describe the desired and undesired effects of new drugs of abuse
- Select and interpret urine drug tests for new drugs of abuse

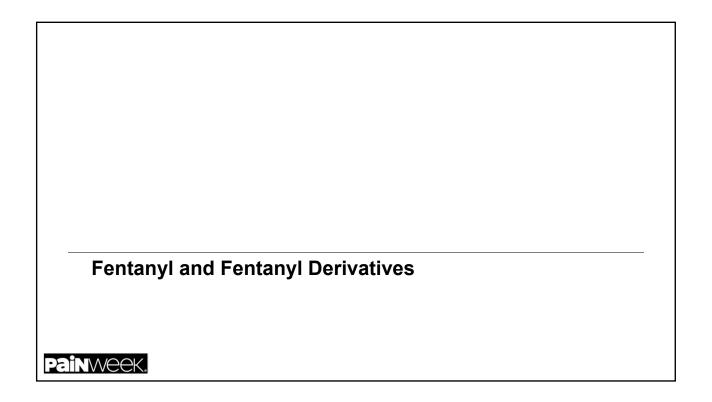
Painweek.

Current Situation

- Opioid overdose epidemic
 - -Rising overdoses related to illicitly manufactured fentanyl
 - -Use of other substances for opioid-like effects or treat opioid withdrawal
- Multiple new drugs of abuse are emerging
 - -Rapidly changing molecule
 - -Some legal, others attempt to skirt the law
 - -Difficult to detect with standard UDM
 - -Can lead to significant adverse events





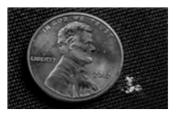


Tom Petty and Prince Prince 4/21/16 Tom Petty 10/3/17 -Cause of death: accidental overdose -Cause of death: accidental overdose -Toxicology tests confirmed fentanyl but -Toxicology further details not released Fentanyl Oxycodone Temazepam Alprazolam Citalopram Acetyl fentanyl Despropionyl fentanyl $https://www.buzzfeed.com/claudiarosenbaum/tom-petty-died-of-accidental overdose?utm_term=.vh8qZLEbVj\#.vh8qZLEbVj$ https://www.practicalpainmanagement.com/resources/news-and-research/prince-died-fentanyl-overdose

Painweek

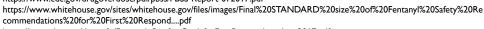
Fentanyl

- Synthetic opioid
- Schedule II controlled substance
- 50-100 times as potent as morphine
- Indicated for the treatment of acute or chronic severe pain
- Available pharmaceutically patches, buccal, IV
- Prescribing rates were stable during this time frame



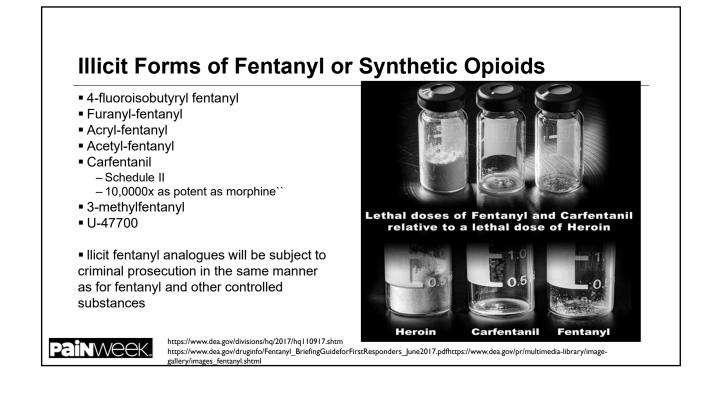
https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/opioids/fentanyl.html

https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/pdf/pbss/PBSS-Report-072017.pdf





 $https://www.dea.gov/druginfo/Fentanyl_BriefingGuideforFirstResponders_June2017.pdf$



Illicitly Manufactured Fentanyl

- Illicit sources the main culprit of overdoses
- Mixed with heroin and/or cocaine user may be unaware

https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/opioids/fentanyl.html https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/pdf/pbss/PBSS-Report-072017.pdf

commendations%20for%20First%20Respond....pdf https://www.drugabuse.gov/drugs-abuse/fentanyl

 Available in multiple forms: powder, tablets, capsules, liquid, rocks, spiked on blotter papers

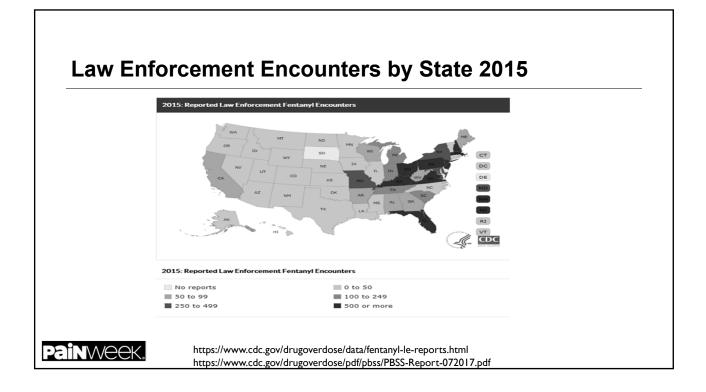
https://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/whitehouse.gov/files/images/Final%20STANDARD%20size%20of%20Fentanyl%20Safety%20Re

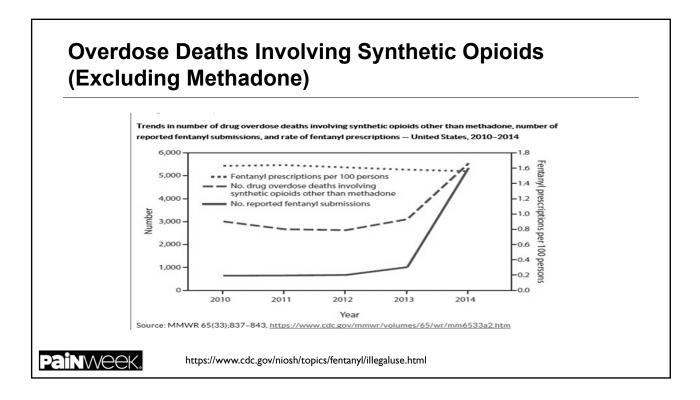
- Routes: oral, intranasal, IV, buccal
- Street names: Apache, China Girl, China White, Dance Fever, Friend, Goodfella, Jackpot, Murder 8, TNT, Tang, Cash

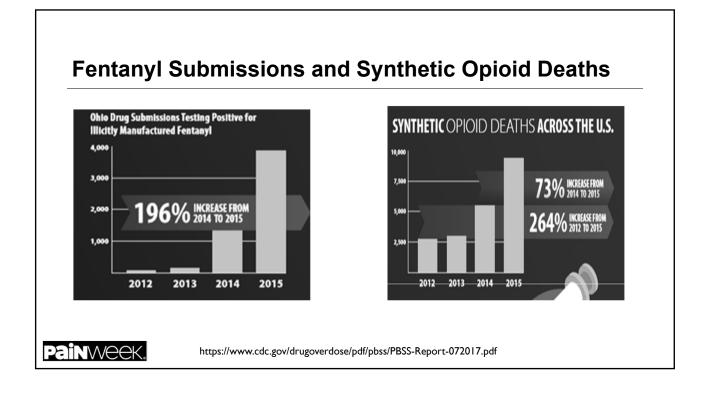
https://www.dea.gov/druginfo/Fentanyl_BriefingGuideforFirstResponders_June2017.pdf

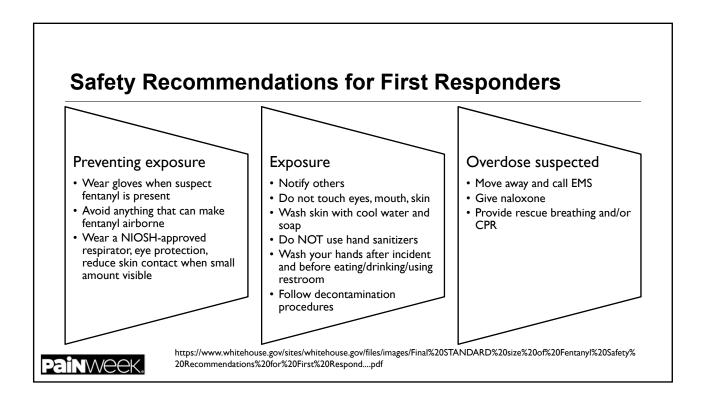
Sources: China, Mexico









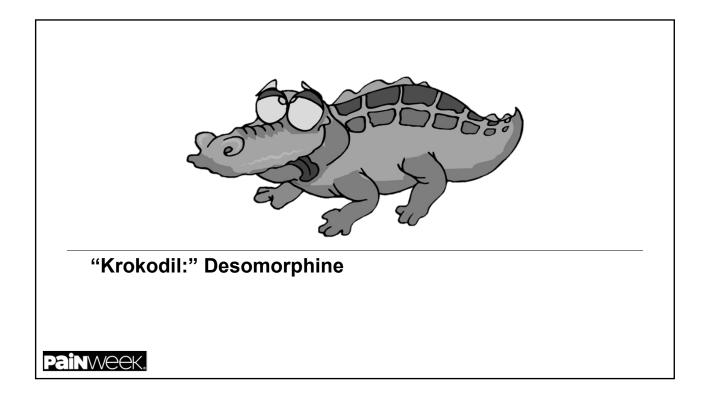


Prevention • Increase amount of naloxone first responders carry • Recognize and treat overdoses • Multiple doses may be needed • Expand access of naloxone to people at risk and family • Give take-home naloxone

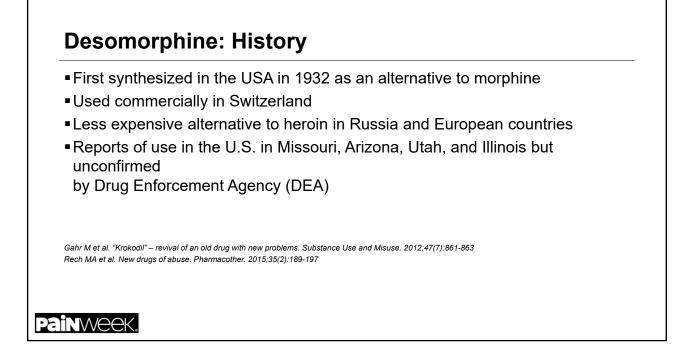
Detection

- Synthetic opioid not detected via opiate immunoassay
- Fentanyl screen
- LCMS/GCMS testing





"Krokodil:" Introduction Active substance is desomorphine Street names: krokodil, crocodile, zombie drug Synthetic mu-opioid agonist similar to heroin Schedule I controlled substance in Controlled Substances Act (CSA) Available from illicit sources Advr M et al. "Krokodi" - revival of an old drug with new problems. Substance Use and Misuse. 2012;47(7):861-863 Rech M et al. "Krokodi" - revival of an old drug with new problems. Substance Use and Misuse. 2012;47(7):861-863 Rech M et al. "Krokodi" - revival of an old drug with new problems. Substance Use and Misuse. 2012;47(7):861-863 Rech M et al. New drugs of abuse. Pharmacother. 2015;35(2):189-197 Desomorphine. Drug Enforcement Administration. Office of Diversion Conrol. Drug & Chemical Evaluation Section http://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/drug_chem_info/desomorphine.pdf. Accessed 17 April 2016 ENERCECE

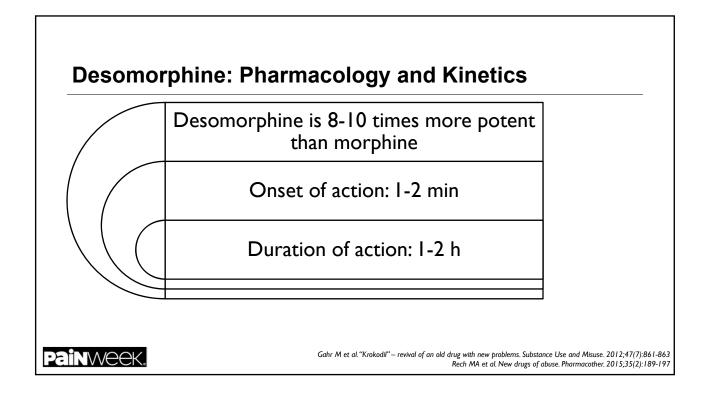


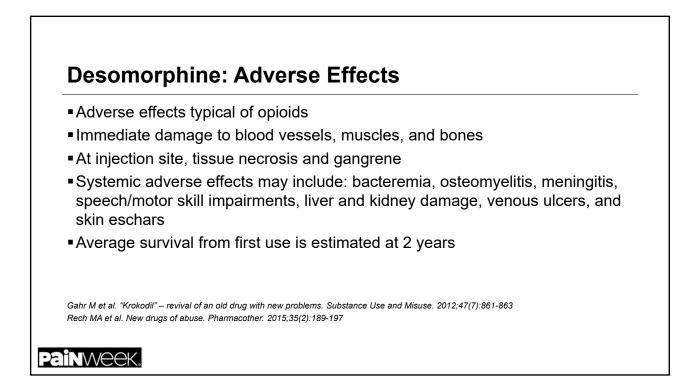
Desomorphine: Kitchen Chemistry

- Made in at-home laboratories with a process similar to methamphetamines
- Uses chemicals that are cheap, readily available, and highly toxic
- Requires minimal laboratory equipment
- Doses can be made in under an hour
- Made into a suspension that is injected intravenously usually without a filter

Gahr M et al. "Krokodil" – revival of an old drug with new problems. Substance Use and Misuse. 2012;47(7):861-863 Rech MA et al. New drugs of abuse. Pharmacother. 2015;35(2):189-197,







Desomorphine: Treatment

- Supportive care
- Naloxone administration
- Precautions for opioid withdrawal
- No evidence for mixed opioid agonists/antagonists but may be considered
- Screen for infectious diseases
- Patients may also need intensive psychiatric care, nutrition evaluations, and both physical and psychiatric rehabilitation

Rech MA et al. New drugs of abuse. Pharmacother. 2015;35(2):189-197

Painweek.

Desomorphine: Detection

- Synthetic opioid
- Not typically detected by opiate immunoassay
- Cross-reactivity with opiate and oxycodone immunoassays variable
- Detected from gas chromatography-mass spectroscopy (GCMS)
- Remnants of codeine may be detected by immunoassay

Kateslou M et al. A krokodil emerges from the murky waters of addiction. Abuse trend of an old drug. Life Sci. 2014;103:81-87 Winborn J et al. Desomorphine screening using commercialky available enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays. J Analytical Toxicology. 2017;41:455-460.

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Desomorphine: US Case Report – 2014

- 30 yo male presenting to St. Louis, MO hospital with pain, swelling, and ulceration of left thigh
- Injecting heroin daily into arms and thighs for 7-8 years (\$300/day)
- Injecting krokodil into thigh for last 6-7 months because it was cheaper
- Initially had blisters at injection sites that turned black
- After 1 month, necrotic areas peeled off leaving a necrotic ulcer
- 2 months before admission noticed increased swelling of left little finger which progressed to blisters that later turned black and auto-amputated
- While inpatient, treated with intravenous antibiotics and wound care
- Patient left against medical advice and was lost to follow-up

Painweek.

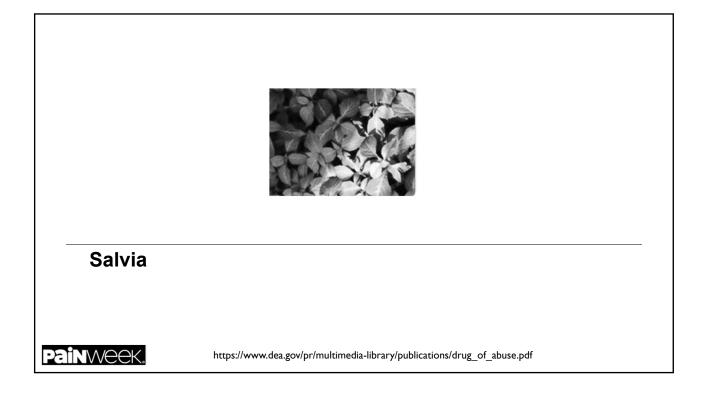
Thekkemuriyi DV et al. Krokodil – a designer drug from across the Atlantic, with serious consequences. Am J Med. 2014;127(3):e1-e2

Desomorphine: US Case Report – 2016

- 23 yo female w/ hx of IVDA presented to ED with pain and swelling in hands, forearms because of ulcers
- Ulcers been there x 12 months and started after starting to use krokodil
- Burning sensation during injection
- Purulent drainage from injection site with pain and swelling
- Necrosis developed after several months
- During physical exam, ulceration extended into deep fascia but mostly hypertrophic scarring
- CT showed extensive soft tissue thickening and stranding in forearms



Haskin A, et al. A new drug with a nasty bite: a case of krokodil-induced skin necrosis in an intravenous drug user. JAAD Case Rep. 2016;2(2):174-176.



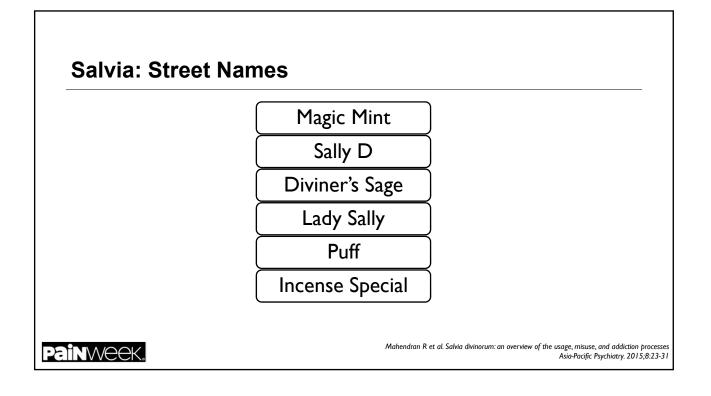
Salvia: History

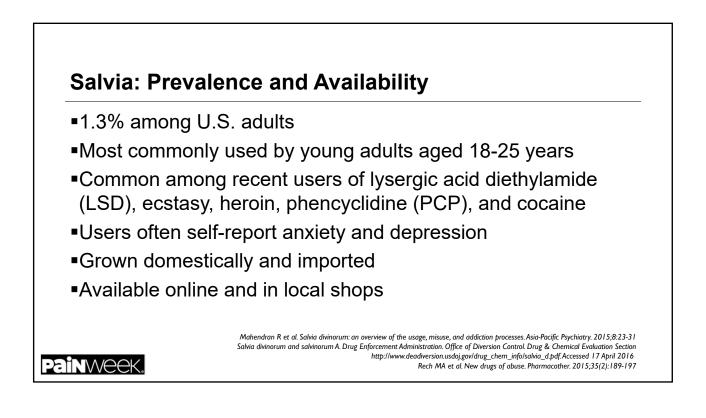
- Hallucinogen from the plant Salvia divinorum, a sage plant of the mint family
- Salvinorin A is the psychoactive molecule
- Endemic to Sierra Mazatec region in Mexico
- Utilized by Mazatec Indians for hallucinogenic properties
- Traditional remedy for rheumatism, diarrhea, and migraine
- Not listed in the CSA, DEA drug of concern
- Regulatory controls in several states
- Kappa opioid receptor agonist and modulates endocannabinoid system

Mahendran R et al. Salvia divinorum: an overview of the usage, misuse, and addiction processes. Asia-Pacific Psychiatry. 2015;8:23-31 Salvia divinorum and salvinorum A. Drug Enforcement Administration. Office of Diversion Control. Drug & Chemical Evaluation Section. http://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/ drug_chem_info/salvia_d.pdf. Accessed 17 April 2016



Rech MA et al. New drugs of abuse. Pharmacother. 2015;35(2):189-197 https://www.dea.gov/pr/multimedia-library/publications/drug_of_abuse.pdf





Salvia: Reasons for Use

Curiosity, relaxation, getting "high," dream-like states

- 22 years used for fun or boredom
- > 22 years for spiritual effects

Mahendran R et al. Salvia divinorum: an overview of the usage, misuse, and addiction processes Asia-Pacific Psychiatry. 2015;8:23-31



Salvia: Patterns of Use

Tea

–Method used by Mazatec Indians for spiritual experience

- Chew leaves
 - -Absorption via buccal cavity with rapid onset of effect
- Vaporization/smoking
 - -Most intense psychoactive effects
 - -Similar effects to ketamine and tetrahydrocannabinol (THC)

Mahendran R et al. Salvia divinorum: an overview of the usage, misuse, and addiction processes Asia-Pacific Psychiatry. 2015;8:23-31



Salvia: Pharmacokinetics Onset Absorption - Buccal - Smoked and buccal : seconds-minutes - Lungs Duration Metabolism - Smoked: 30 minutes - First pass limits oral use - Buccal: 1 hour - CYP2D6, CYP1A1, CYP2C18, and CYP2E1 Half-life - UGT2B7 - Dose related Excretion - 75 minutes – Bile – Urine Mahendran R et al. Salvia divinorum: an overview of the usage, misuse, and addiction processes Asia-Pacific Psychiatry. 2015;8:23-31 Rech MA et al. New drugs of abuse. Pharmacother. 2015;35(2):189-197 Thornton MD et al. Bath salts and other emerging toxins. Pediatr Emer Care. 2014;30:47-55 Painweek.

Salvia: Effects		
Positive/Desired Effects	Negative/Undesired Effects	
Relaxation and improved mood	Loss of control	
Calmness	Difficulty integrating experiences	
Psychedelic-like effects	Racing thoughts	
Altered state of consciousness	Tiredness, physical exhaustion	
 Vivid visual hallucinations 	Dizziness and drowsiness	
 Auditory hallucinations 	 Irritability, anxiety, fear, panic 	
 Increased instrusive thoughts 	Psychomotor agitation	
Feelings of dissociation, depersonalization, and	• Amnesia	
derealization	• Dysphoria	
 Increase in sensual and aesthetic appreciation 	Lack of motor coordination	
Floating feeling	Profound sweating	
 Increased self-confidence 	• Chills	
 Increased insight 	Nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain	
Spritual experiences		



Zawilska JB et al. Salvia divinorum: from Mazatec medicinal and hallucinogenic plant to emerging recreational drug Hum Psychopharmacol Clin Exp. 2013;28:403-412

<section-header> Salvia: Treatment Patients rarely present for treatment No known antidote Incorretical use of naloxone Likely require 5-10 times the typical naloxone dose Supportive care Benzodiazepines for agitation

Salvia: Detection

Detected via GCMS or liquid chromatography mass spectroscopy (LCMS)

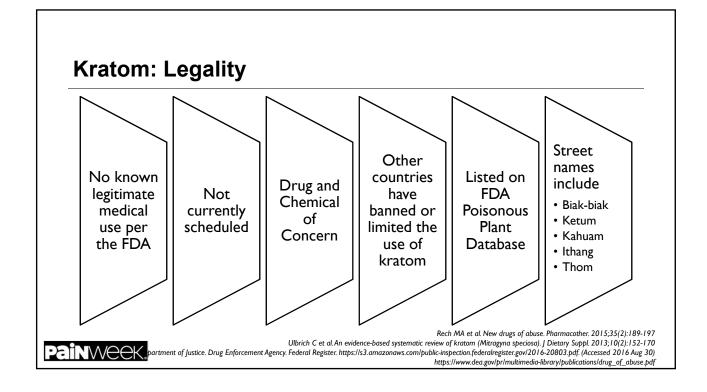
Subject to adulteration

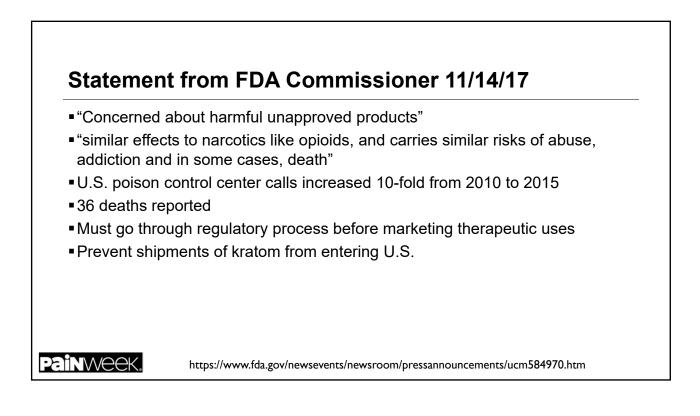
Mahendran R et al. Salvia divinorum: an overview of the usage, misuse, and addiction processes Asia-Pacific Psychiatry. 2015;8:23-31 Thornton MD et al. Bath salts and other emerging toxins. Pediatr Emer Care. 2014;30:47-55:123-134

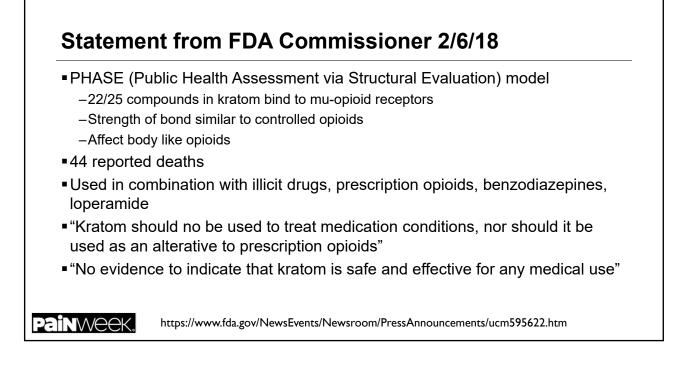




Exatom: History Active compound is mitragynine, an alkaloid, found in a tropical tree native to Southeast Asia Opioid-like properties Nonprescription herbal available on the Internet and in head shops Typically sold as leaves, powder, extract, capsule, pellet, or gum Kratom can be smoked, chewed, or drank as a tea fold increase in U.S. poison center calls from 2010-2015





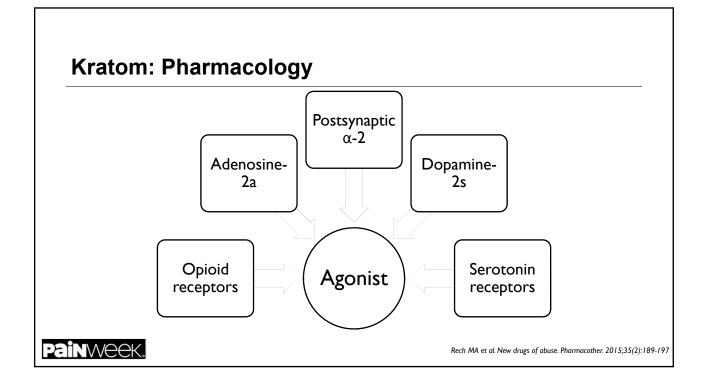


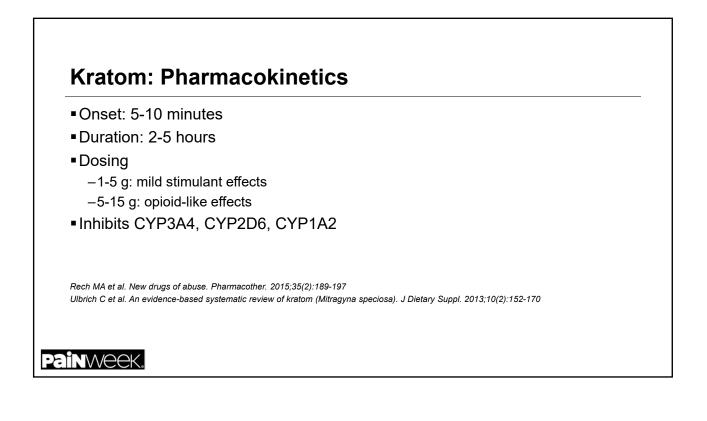
Kratom: Uses

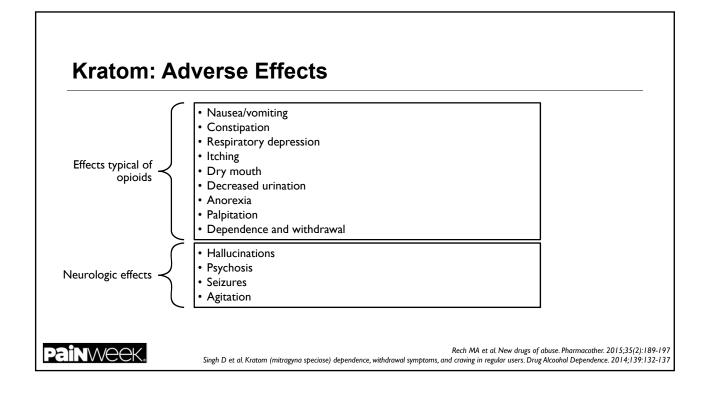
- Reduce musculoskeletal pain and to increase energy, appetite, and sexual desire
- Used for the treatment of hypertension, diarrhea, and cough
- In Western countries, increasing use for self-treatment of pain and for opioid withdrawal
- Substitute for heroin

Rech MA et al. New drugs of abuse. Pharmacother. 2015;35(2):189-197







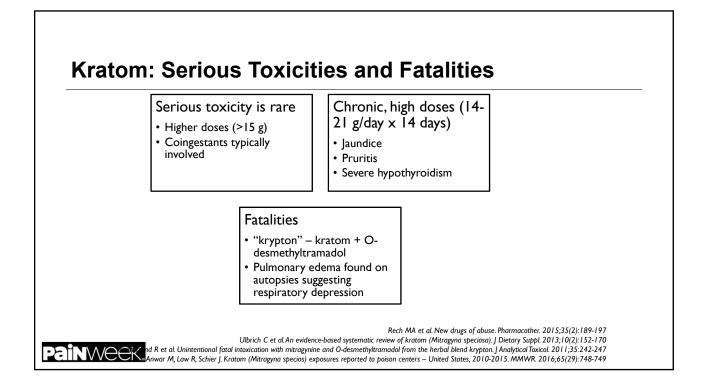


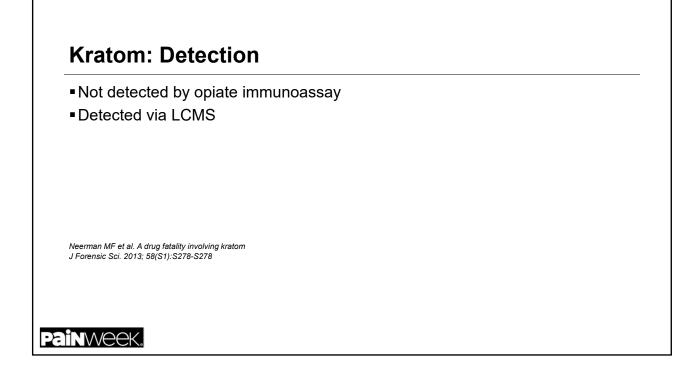
FDA MedWatch Report

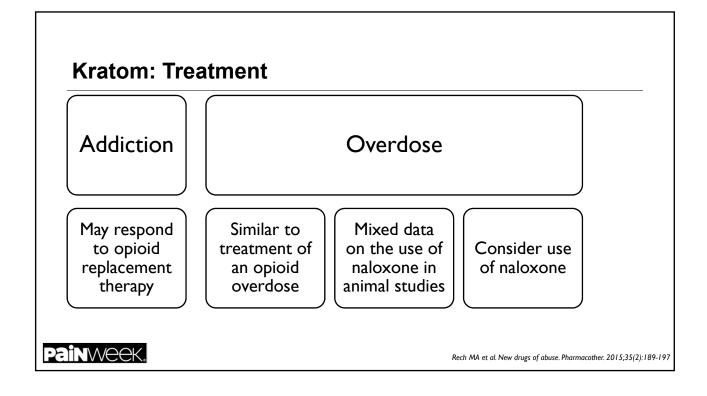
- 25 yo male began using kratom and "developed skin rashes, losing hair, vomiting, loss of appetite, and irritability."
- He passed away during his sleep Feb 1st. There was vomit next to him in bed.
- "Under the impression from false marketing and internet messages that it was a safe alternative supplement. He has never been a hard drug user so he was not using Kratom as an alternative drug like many Kratom advocates."
- "We strongly believe warning labels of the side effects and suggested dosage regulation should be provided to consumers at the very least."
- "As we are currently seeing Kratom sold next to candy at the gas station, at bars, restaurants, coffeeshops etc. I would like to do as much as I can to increase risk awareness and truth behind this rapidly growing and very trendy drug"

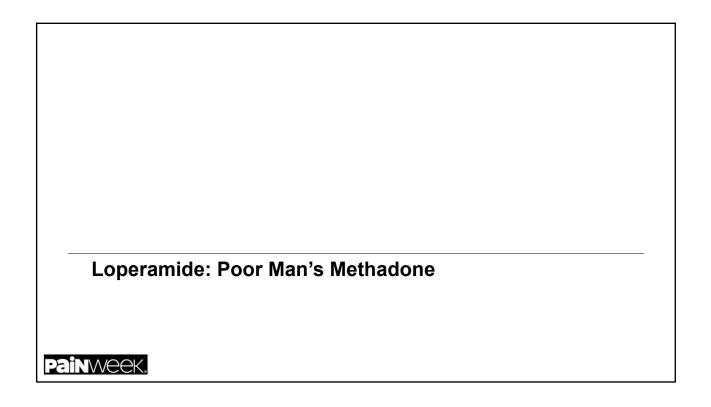
Painweek, https://

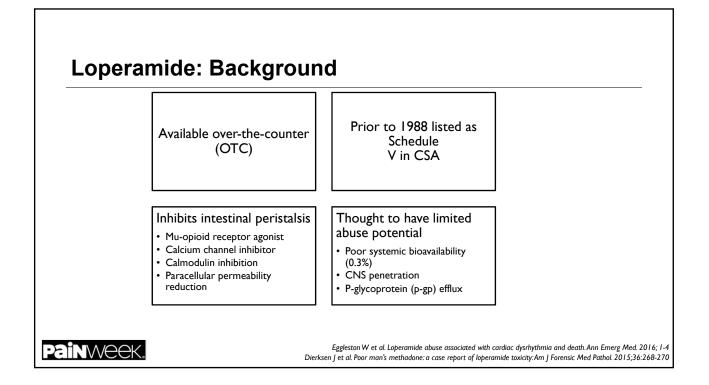
https://www.fda.gov/downloads/aboutfda/centersoffices/officeoffoods/cfsan/cfsanfoiaelectronicreadingroom/ucm 588952.pdf

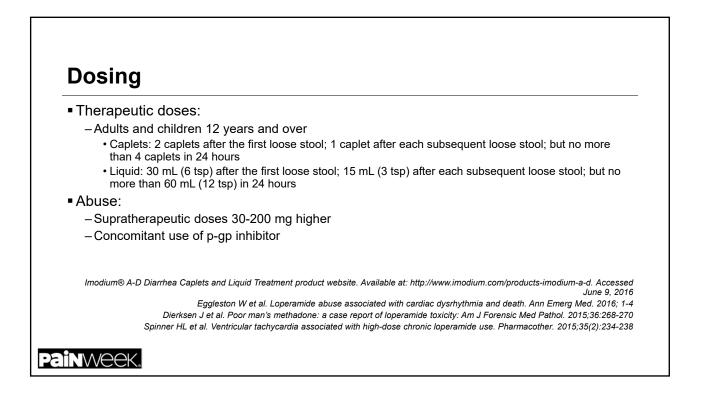












Loperamide: Abuse

- Increasing reports of abuse
- •71% increase in reports of intentional loperamide exposures from 2011-2014
- Potential for abuse
 - -Accessible
 - -Low cost
 - -OTC
 - -Lack of social stigma
 - -Increasing legislation and regulations with opioids
- Reasons for abuse
 - -Prevent opioid withdrawal
 - -Euphoria

Eggleston W et al. Loperamide abuse associated with cardiac dysrhythmia and death. Ann Emerg Med. 2016; 1-4

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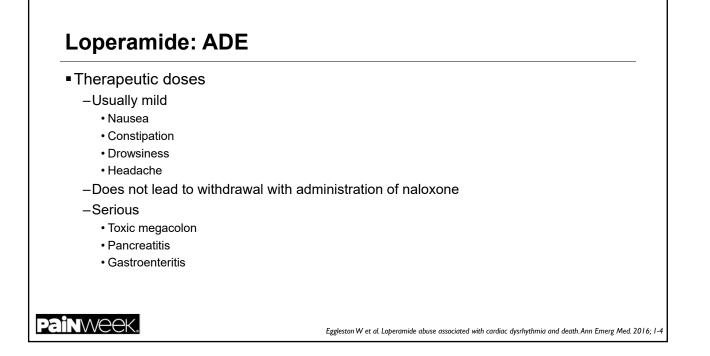
FDA MedWatch: Loperamide (Imodium) Drug Safety Communication: Serious Heart Problems With High Doses From Abuse and Misuse RECOMMENDATION: Health care professionals should be aware that use of higher than recommended doses of loperamide can result in serious cardiac adverse events Possible cause of unexplained cardiac events including QT interval prolongation, Torsades de Pointes or other ventricular arrhythmias, syncope, and cardiac arrest In cases of abuse individuals often use other drugs together with loperamide in attempts to

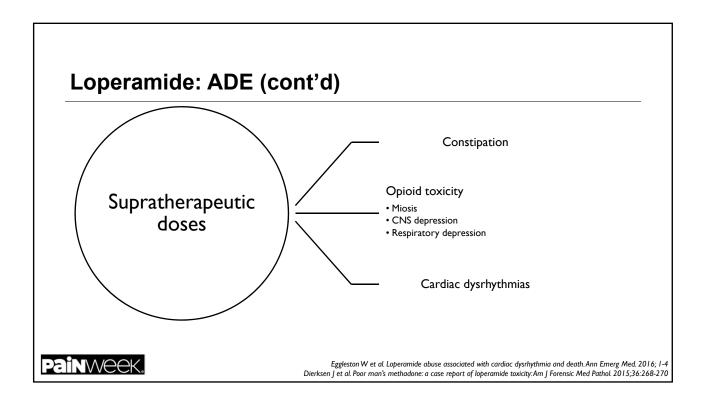
- In cases of abuse, individuals often use other drugs together with loperamide in attempts to increase its absorption and penetration across the blood-brain barrier, inhibit loperamide metabolism, and enhance its euphoric effects
- In the 39 years from when loperamide was first approved in 1976 through 2015, FDA received reports (through FDA Adverse Event Reporting System) of 48 cases of serious heart problems associated with use of loperamide
 - Thirty-one of these cases resulted in hospitalizations, and 10 patients died. More than half of the 48 cases were reported after 2010

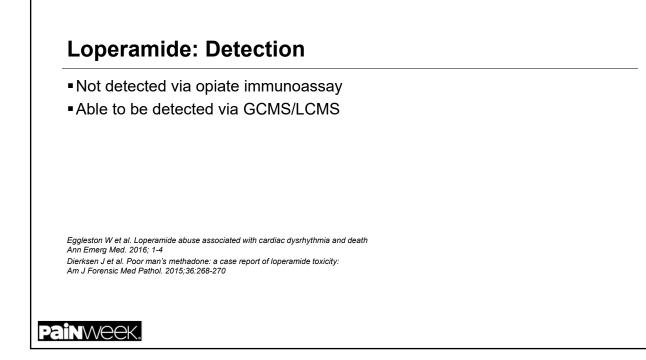
FDA Safety Communication: FDA warns about serious heart problems with high doses of the antidiarrheal medicine loperamide (Imodium), including from abuse and misuse. Available at:

http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/DrugSafety/ucm504617.htm?source=govdelivery&utm_medium=email&utm_source=govd elivery. Last accessed June 9, 2016







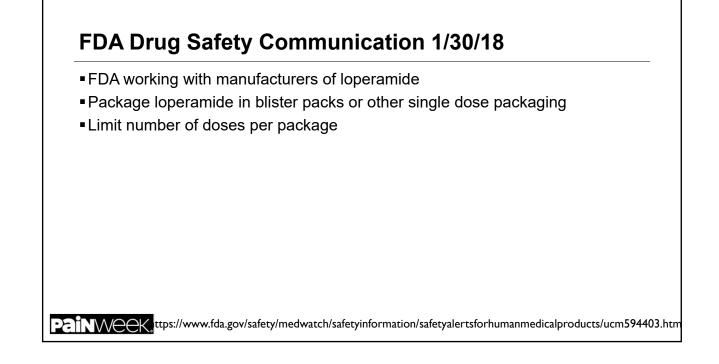


Loperamide: Treatment

- CPR and ACLS first-line for cardiopulmonary arrest
- Treatment of ventricular dysrhythmias
- Naloxone is reasonable from animal and human data
- Report to FDA MedWatch

Eggleston W et al. Loperamide abuse associated with cardiac dysrhythmia and death. Ann Emerg Med. 2016; 1-4





"Oklahoma man wants over-the-counter drug that killed his son to be regulated" 12/121/17

- •29 yo male with 15 year hx of substance use died of an overdose
- Toxicology report: loperamide
- Cause of death: "acute loperamide toxicity"
- "Just slide it in with Sudafed and, the second they do that, it will save a life. That minute that the kid can't go in there and get a box full of Imodium, he's going to live that day." Joel Hild (father of decedent)
- Possible bill proposal from State representative Cyndi Munson



http://kfor.com/2017/12/12/oklahoma-man-claims-that-over-the-counter-drug-killed-his-son/



Bath Salts: Synthetic Cathinones

https://www.dea.gov/pr/multimedia-library/publications/drug_of_abuse.pdf

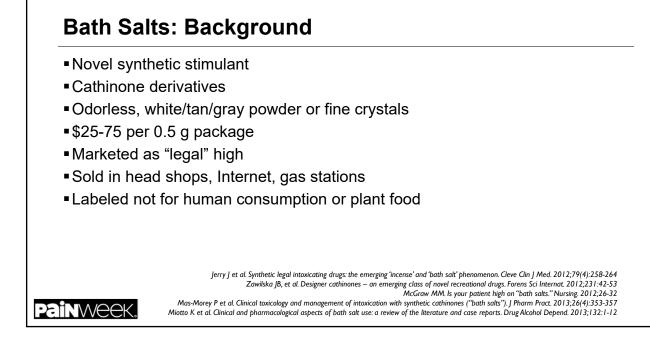
In the News

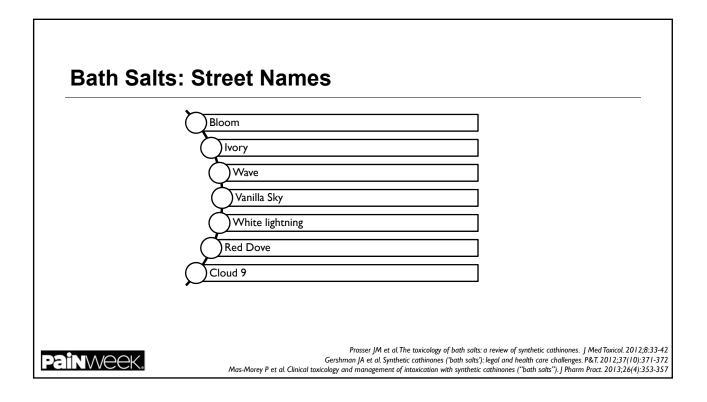
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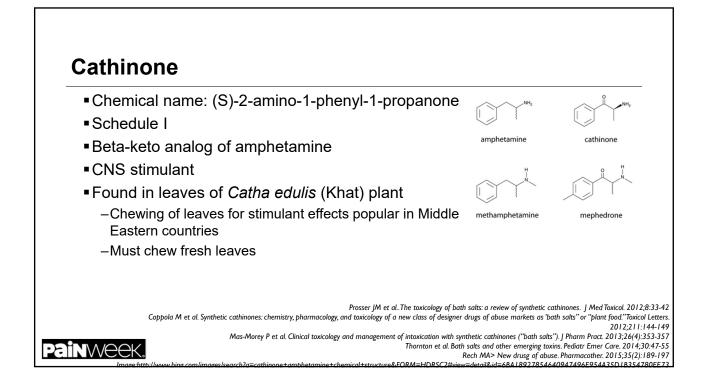
- "Two Ocean County women charged with having bath salts, heroin" (New Jersey 1/26/18)
- "3 accused of selling bath salts in Madison Co" (New York 1/25/18)
- "Police, treatment professionals see 'resurgence' of meth, bath salts" (West Virginia 9/5/17)
- "Florida deputies discover bath salts disguised as candy" (Florida 10/27/17)

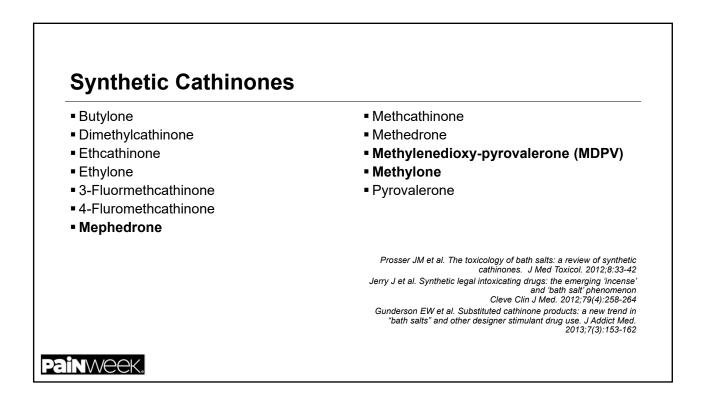


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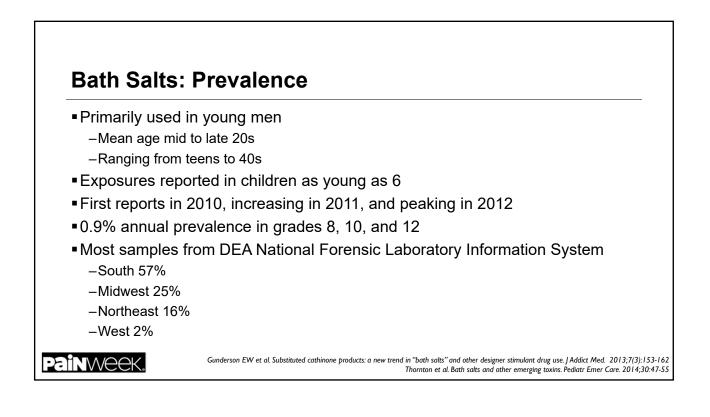


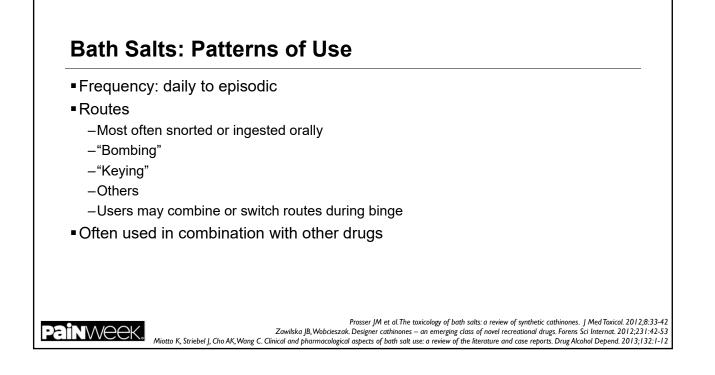


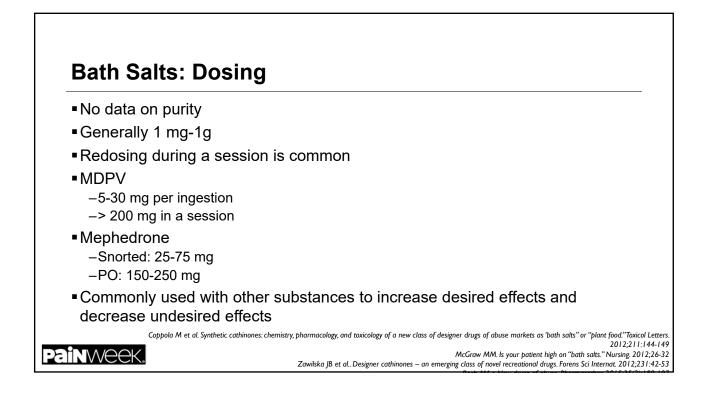


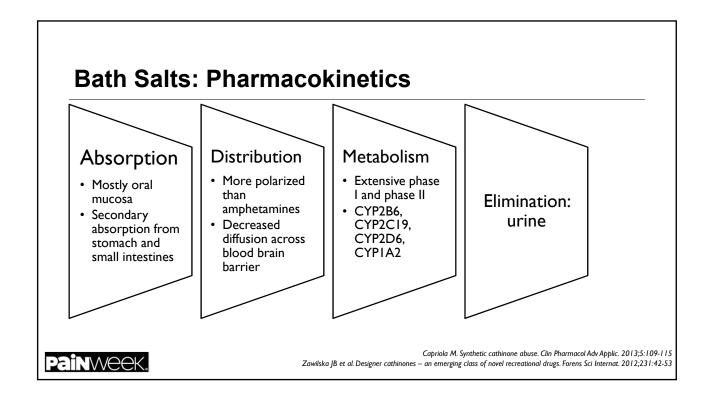


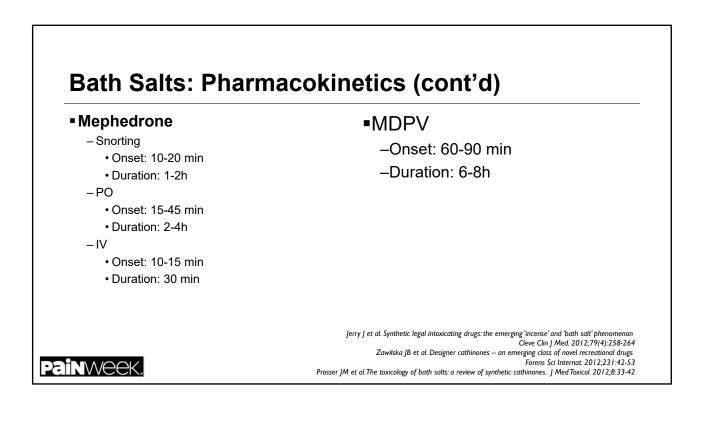
Emergency scheduling of mephed	rone, methylone, and MDPV by DEA in 2011]
,	Z	
Rapid alteration of existing, ille	egal substances, to new "legal" substances	
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Synthetic Drug A	buse Prevention Act of 2012]
Cannabimimemtic agents	Specified additional hallucinogenic substances	1









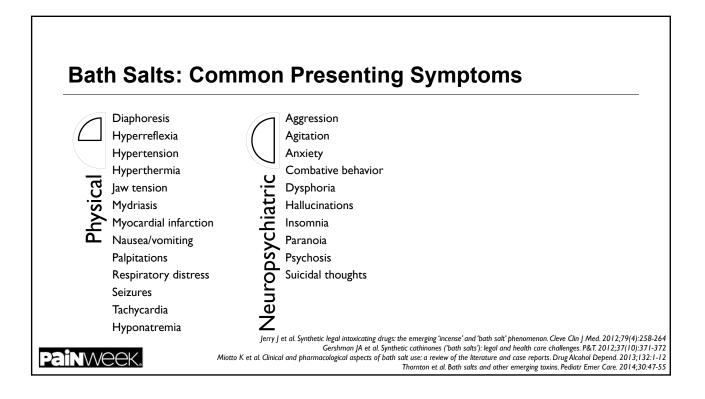


Bath Salts: Desired Effects

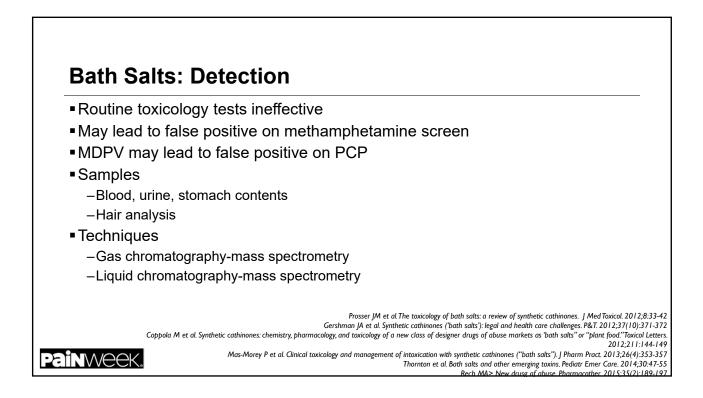
- Sociability
- Energy
- Libido/sexual performance
- Capacity of work
- Euphoria
- Empathy

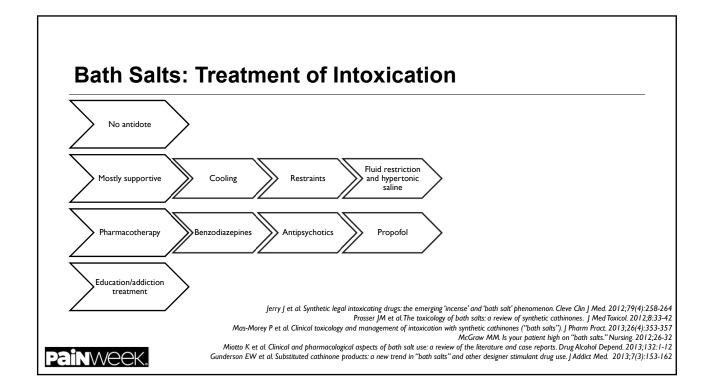
Coppola M et al Synthetic cathinones: chemistry, pharmacology, and toxicology of a new class of designer drugs of abuse markets as 'bath salts'' or "plant food."Toxicol Letters. 2012;211:144-149

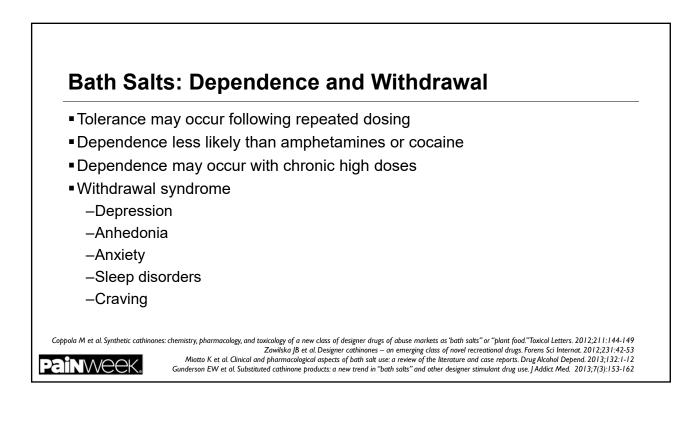




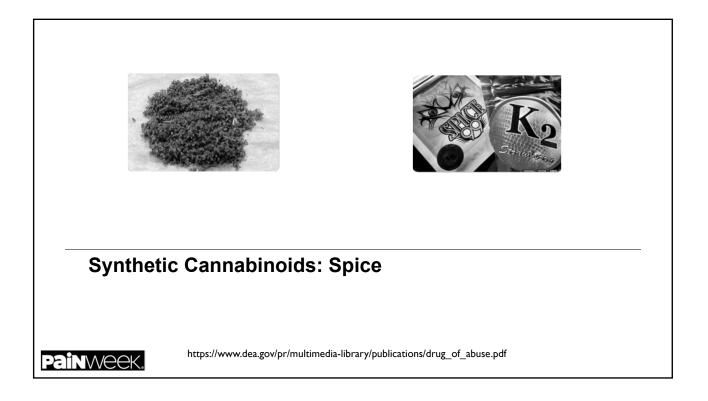
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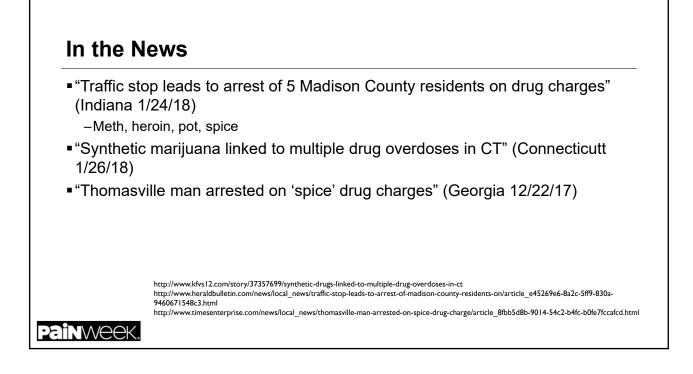






Flakka e.e.pyrrolidinovalerophenone (α-PVP) or gravel e.moporarily listed as Schedule I e.moiar in structure to cathinone e.ffects e.t.citation, delirium, hyperstimulation, paranoia, hallucination e.didney damage and failure e.geression, self-injury, suicidal tendencies, and heart attacks also common Move MR et al. The dangerous new synthetic drug a-PVP as the hydrated choirde sat of a-pyrrolidinopentiophenone (2016) (20





Spice: Background

- Known as fragrance, potpourri, herbal incense, K2, Spice
- Many listed as Schedule I controlled substances
- Synthesized in lab and dissolved in solvent
- Sprayed onto plant material and allow for solvent to evaporate
- Packaged as loose leaves or rolled
- Labeled "not for human consumption"
- Available in head shops, convenience stores, Internet
- Manufactured in Asia and smuggled into U.S.
- ■3 g bag of K2 \$30-\$50



Kerston BP et al. Toxicology and management of novel psychoactive drugs. J Pharmacy Practice. 2015;28(1):50-65 Rosenbaum CD et al. Here today, gone tomorrow...and back again? Med Toxicol.2012;8:15-32 Musselman ME. "Not for human consumption," a review of emerging designer drugs. Pharmacother. 2014;34(7):745-757 https://www.dec.gov/pr/multimedia-library/publications/drug_of_abuse.pdf

Spice: Use • Smoked via various methods • Primarily used by white males in teens and 20s • 80% of K2 users have also used marijuana at least once

Spice: Pharmacology

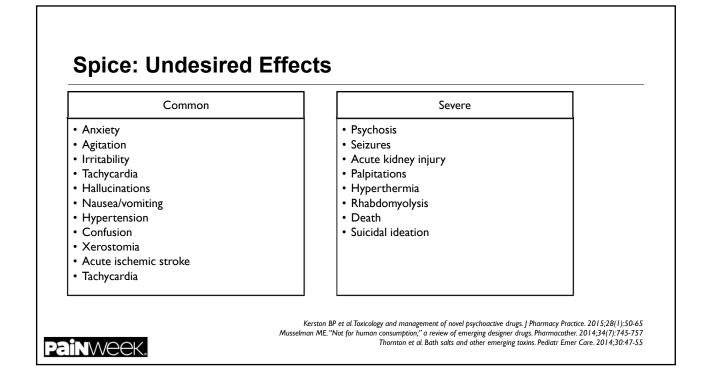
- Full agonists of
 - -Cannabinoid 1 (CB1) receptors located in brain
 - -Cannabinoid 2 (CB2) receptors located on immune cells
- Activity at presynaptic CB1 receptors causes the release of inhibitory and excitatory neurotransmitters
- Leads to CNS effects

Kerston BP et al. Toxicology and management of novel psychoactive drugs. J Pharmacy Practice. 2015;28(1):50-65 Musselman ME. "Not for human consumption;" a review of emerging designer drugs. Pharmacother. 2014;34(7):745-757

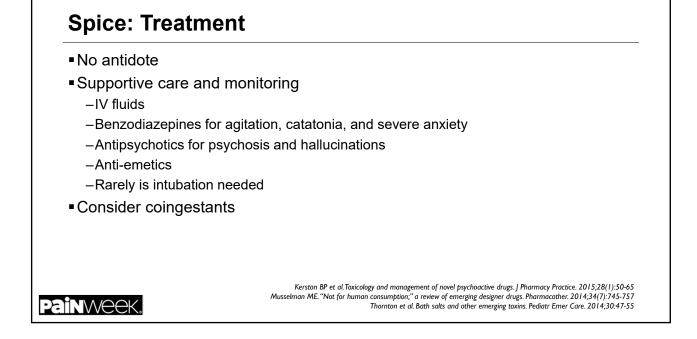


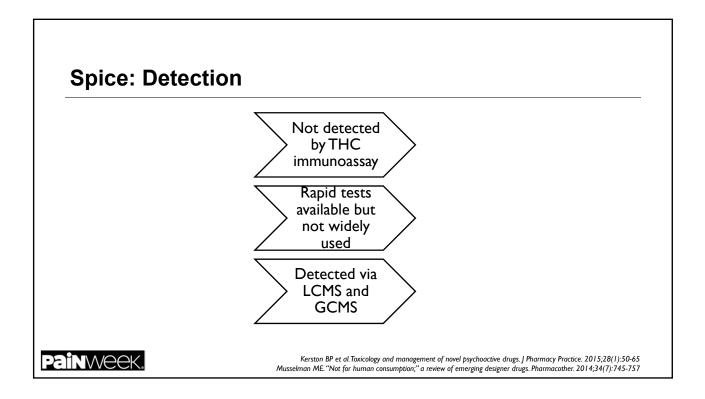
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Spice: Desired Effects



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Question #1

BT is a 55 yo male who presents to the emergency room with signs of opioid withdrawal and necrotic lesions on his left arm. A UDS is obtained with the following results. After providing the sample, he admits to using "krokodil." What would you expect his UDS results to be assuming this is the only substance he is using?

A. (-) for all substances

- B. (+) Opiates
- C. (+) Amphetamines
- D. (+) Oxycodone

Painweek.

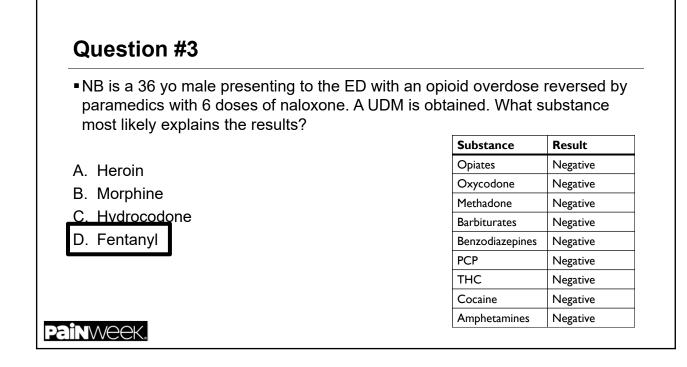
Question #2

DK is a 61 yo male on tramadol 50 mg PO TID prn for chronic low back pain which provides analgesic and functional benefit. The patient states that he recently started drinking kratom tea. What would you expect an immunoassay drugs of abuse UDS panel to show?

A. (+) Opiates

- B. (-) negative for all substances
- C. (+) Oxycodone
- D. (+) PCP





Conclusion

- Rapidly changing molecules to avoid the law
- New use of substances due to reduced availability of prescription opioids
- Difficult to detect with standard urine drug testing
- Substances not necessarily "safe" and may cause severe reactions
- Patients may seek treatment which is typically supportive care



3 Things for Monday Give patients at risk for overdose naloxone and education Realize that UDM has limitations for detecting certain substances Refer patients for treatment of substance use disorders

